

come members of the proposed reserve association, or, else to give up their charters, the State banks being given the privilege of joining or retiring from the association at their option; and,

Whereas, in view of the more liberal charters now obtainable by State banks and trust companies, under our Virginia law, we think it more than probable that the State banks will leave the national system and reorganize under state laws, thus tending to a further diversification rather than a unification of our banking system, which latter, in our judgment, is most desirable; and,

Whereas, our national banks have purchased, at a premium, large amounts of 2 per cent bonds, for which they would suffer a great loss should they find it necessary to retire from the national banking system; and,

Whereas, we feel it is contrary to Democratic policy for the government to use this willingness on the part of national banks to co-operate with the government in the past in order to now force them to surrender the proposed national reserve association upon terms laid down by the government, and without giving the banks representation on the Federal reserve board, or proper control of funds so invested; and,

Whereas, the institution of savings departments has proven most advantageous to the people of our State, making systematic saving on the part of the people generally easy and convenient, thus largely increasing the deposits in banks and the funds available for commercial and general business purposes; and we see no reason in experience and practice for the segregation of any of the capital or assets of the national banks on account of savings departments, this provision adding much to the expense of banks because of the necessity of operating practically two sets of books and accounts; and, furthermore, no one class of depositors should require special security in a well-organized system, the present system having proven its safety to depositors; and it will be further strengthened by this bill as the bill is amended; and, furthermore, in our opinion, there should be no requirement that will prevent the use of savings deposits in the general commercial department of the bank, for the reason that it will cause an enormous contraction of loans which are necessary to carry on the usual and ordinary business of our people; and,

Whereas, we feel that in order to secure the beginning of a much-needed reform, it should not be imperative that twelve banks be organized at once, but such number as are organized, which, in our judgment, should not be over five, should be permitted to begin business, and as the system is proven, others can or might be put into operation, the time limit for organization also being reasonably extended; and,

Whereas, in our judgment the amount of subscription of member banks should be reduced to a total of 10 per cent of the capital of the subscribing bank; and,

Whereas, in our opinion the Federal reserve banks should be operated as money-making institutions, either for the government or the stockholders, yet there should be reasonable earnings made by these banks, and it is fair to ask at least 6 per cent dividend upon the capital stock of the individual banks, the balance of the profits being distributed between the government and the banks equally, on the basis of deposits, no interest being paid on deposits either to government or banks;

Whereas, as a matter of principle and patriotism, we believe the notes issued by the Federal reserve banks should be the obligations only of the banks; and,

Whereas, we believe that bank examinations can be more intelligently made by the examiner, who has become familiar with the banks in a given territory by repeated examinations, than by the Federal reserve bank; and,

Resolved, That we endorse the following resolutions, which were adopted unanimously by the executive council of this association at the meeting held in Richmond, September 2, 1913:

Resolved, That while recognizing the patriotism and ability which characterize the currency measure now under consideration by Congress, we desire to record our opposition to the enactment of the bill in the form which would not be acceptable to the banks of this State, and would, in our opinion, involve the surrender of national charters to the Federal government in this State; and that we earnestly suggest that each bank, national and State, should advise our Senators and Congressmen of our convictions, and invoke their efforts to obtain modifications, which we believe will be necessary to secure the efficiency of the banking and commercial interests of this State.

Resolved, That in our belief the recommendations of the recent Chicago meeting of representative banking interests of the country furnish a reasonable basis for the currency measure now pending in Congress, and that copies of these resolutions be sent to our members in Congress, and to the chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Banking and Currency.

Further resolved, That Senators Thomas S. Martin and Claude A. Swanson, representing the Commonwealth of Virginia, be and they are authorized to have these suggestions taken into consideration in the law; and, further, that a committee of fifteen be appointed by the executive council for the purpose of conferring with our Senators in regard to this matter, with authority to take such other steps as in their judgment may seem proper in an effort to have the suggestions contained in this resolution carried out.

AMERICANS SHY OF DEALERS IN OLD BOOKS

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

London, September 27.—The private dealers in old books and rare prints are suffering the sudden stop of the extensive American purchases of American literature. The great auctioneers have done a thriving business through the season, but the American buyers have been shy of the smaller establishments of the private dealers.

For years the latter have depended upon American purchases, but either the frequent change in the tastes of the American public, or the fact that the American buyers are now more interested in the American literature of the past than in the literature of the present, has caused the American dealers to suffer.

Warner's Safe Remedies

Diseased Kidney Symptoms

If you rise in the morning with dull, aching pains at the bottom of your back, and feel as if your mouth were not refreshed by your sleep, if you are weak, depressed, nervous and irritable; if your head aches, spots appear before your eyes or rings ring in your ears, your thirst is excessive and your complexion sallow; if you have indigestion, bilious bouts, rheumatic pains and have lost flesh rapidly—if you have any one of these symptoms, you may be sure kidney poisons exist in your blood and you cannot possibly get well until they are removed. Nothing can do you as much good as

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy

for it has a steady yet persistent restorative action on the kidneys and liver, which brings perceptible relief.

It not only removes the early symptoms of kidney poisoning, but it is a wonderful remedy for the advanced stages of kidney disease, dropsy, blood in the urine, gravel, etc., and the hundreds of testimonials we have received conclusively prove

50c and \$1.00 sizes at all druggists

Write for all particulars, giving the number of remedy desired to Warner's Safe Remedies Co., Dept. 285, Rochester, N. Y.



THE BERRY SPORT COATS

For Girls and Young Women

Just in from our New York work-rooms, the new, distinctive, man-tailored sport coats.

The fabrics are varied and new—the tailoring effect swagger and graceful.

Prices, \$10 to \$20.

Mackinac Coats for boys and girls up to 15 years of age—all shades. Price \$10.

O. H. BERRY & CO.

MEXICANS FIRE ON TROOP OF CAVALRY

One Account Says Americans Returned Fire; Another Says They Did Not.

El Paso, Texas, September 27.—A detachment of United States troops, Second Cavalry, was fired on late this afternoon by Mexican Federal cavalrymen. The Americans were on duty patrolling the international border about fifteen miles east of El Paso.

None of the Americans were wounded. Two Texas rangers, who were nearby, also were fired at by the Mexicans.

United States army officers to-night said the soldiers did not return the fire, although there were about forty shots fired at them.

H. L. Rhodes, who was near the scene when the Mexicans began shooting, said the American troops did return the fire and drove the Mexicans to cover. It is not known if any Mexicans were injured.

The American troops were at a patrol station on the border about two miles east of San Elizario when thirty Mexican cavalrymen appeared on the Mexican side. The Mexicans were about 200 yards from the troops when the shooting began.

The United States troop authorities at El Paso, Tex., were notified soon after the shooting, and went to San Elizario to conduct an investigation. At Juarez to-night the Federal authorities also are investigating the shooting.

The Mexican troops who fired at the Americans commenced a shouting party sent east from Juarez this morning. Late to-night the troops had not returned to their barracks at Juarez. The border patrol in the vicinity of San Elizario has been doubled to-night.

CLAYTON WILL STICK.

However, He Would Regret Underwood's Entrance for Senate.

Washington, September 27.—Representative Henry D. Clayton, of Alabama, who has been in the Senate since 1907, said today that he would not contest with Oscar Underwood, the House leader, for the nomination. In a statement to day, Mr. Clayton said he would run whether Underwood entered the field or not.

"I hope he will not run," said Mr. Clayton. "He and I always have been friends. He has been highly honored by the people of Alabama. His entrance now in the senatorial race would not be fair to our mutual friends or fair to me."

Representative Underwood is known to be considering entering the senatorial race.

GLASS AND POLLARD WILL SPEAK IN NORFOLK CAMPAIGN.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Norfolk, Va., September 27.—Managers of the Independent or citizens' party announced to-night that Congressman Carter Glass and Attorney General-elect J. Garland Pollard had agreed to deliver addresses here to the municipal campaign, which opens next month. The citizens' party has nominated full ticket for city, county, and state, and will make a strong fight to defeat the local organization in the forthcoming election. The nominees of the organization are regarded as the Democratic candidates, while the Independents will be treated, it is said, as outsiders.

DEATH IS PORTION OF INKKEEPER'S DRINKING

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Berlin, September 27.—A telegram from St. Petersburg to the Tagblatt says that in the village of Walzow, near Loeb, the peasant inkkeeper, who had rendered the harvest prospects most unfavorable.

They decided it was an infliction from heaven on account of the intemperance habits of the local inkkeeper, one named Zelenko.

A deputization remonstrated with the inkkeeper, but he refused to mend his ways, and as the ink did not stop, the peasants held a court in a field before which Zelenko was brought and sentenced to death.

The peasants carried out the sentence on the spot by beating the inkkeeper to death.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Continued From First Page

body was hurt, and when I spoke to Mrs. Howe, I was greatly relieved to know that she had escaped without being injured. If I had been driving at a very high speed I do not see how any of us could have remained in either car, but the fact that no one was thrown out shows that the impact was not severe. I remained on the scene for some time, and moved away only when the crowd gathered, although dozens of people there knew that it was my car."

PRESIDENT SEES DANGERS.

Lady Constance, Polaire and Gertrude Hoffman Disport Themselves.

Washington, September 27.—President Wilson to-night witnessed the "triple alliance review" of Lady Constance, Stewart-Richardson, Polaire and Gertrude Hoffman at the Belasco Theatre. Lady Stewart-Richardson gave a number of dances, which included one representing the awakening of the world at the break of dawn. In this the dancer was barefooted and clothed only in filmy veils to represent the morning mist, and as the dance progressed several of the veils were dropped, and the dancer was seen in her portion of the program, while Gertrude Hoffman gave her new revue, and was supported by a number of young ladies, who frolicked about and then plunged into a huge tank built in the stage.

THEATRE IS PLANNED SOLELY FOR INVALIDS

Will Be Without Seats, Patrons Coming in Their Rolling Chairs.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Dresden, September 27.—The first theatre for sick persons and invalids will be opened soon at the Deutsches health resort. There will be no seats. The invalids will come in their rolling chairs and will be rolled to such places as they prefer.

The theatre enterprise is capitalized at \$100,000, and the management proposes to present comedy, comic opera and operetta.

"There must be plenty of laughter in every place produced, and there will be vaudeville turns between the acts."

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MME. SIMONE, DRAMA CRITIC, IN AMERICA

Noted Actress Writes Cruelly of Some Managers Here: "Trusts" and "Commercialism."

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Paris, September 27.—The literary sensation of the week was the first appearance on any stage of Madame Simone, the accomplished actress, so well known in America, in the character of a dramatic critic.

At the request of the Paris Temps, a leading evening paper, Madame Simone wrote a clear, clever and convincing essay on American theatricals. It was published a few nights ago and read with intense interest. Many a first could not persuade themselves that the actress, who once called in New York "glorious," was responsible for the article.

"Art in Hands of Trusts."

In her brief exposition of stage doings and misdoings in America, Mme. Simone had some cruel things to say about the commercialism of some managers. "The evils of trusting art to trusts," she wrote, "the light-heartedness with which our playwrights' manuscripts are changed to suit our stars, and, worst of all, the complete absence of critical standards, are our strange want."

She declares that the absence of stability in the careers of America's young actors, "who go from house to house and town to town at the bidding of commercial managers," disheartens them and leads them to think only of their salaries.

"As the result of this haste and contempt for art," she says, "American critics have grown pitiless, while the more educated portion of the public has ceased to take the drama seriously."

"The disorder has assumed such grave proportions," writes Mme. Simone, "that it can hardly last much longer. The situation created by the two syndicates has reached its extreme limits, the number of theatres will most probably be lessened."

Has Praise for Belasco.

"Once stage conditions in America have become more favorable materially and the indefinite multiplication of theatres ceases, not big speculators and financiers will benefit, but the competent and conscientious man who knows his business," Mme. Simone writes, "will be the one to prosper."

Then weighing what is understood by the drama in America and comparing it with the drama in France, she draws attention to the simplicity and while responding to the appeal of strong and living themes, is still incapable of appreciating what she calls "purely intellectual dramatic emotion."

Mme. Simone shows how much depends on personality in the New World, and in conclusion says that while Americans lack the finished art and method of the Paris stage, they have youth and courage.

Routing Breaks Out.

Columbus, Mich., September 27.—Rioting broke out at the Dodgeville location to-night. Two men going home from a dance in the Dodgeville mine stopped at a saloon, and were surrounded by a large number of strikers, who threatened and beat them. Three arrests were made.

Lieutenant Escapes Dismissal.

Washington, September 27.—The sentence of Lieutenant Roy F. Waring, Third Field Artillery, stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to dismissal by court-martial for deserting checks without funds in bank, has been commuted to a loss of fifty numbers in his grade.

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BLAZE DESTROYS TWO AUTOMOBILES

Eastern Motor Sales Corporation Suffers Heavy Damage by Fire.

ACETYLENE TANKS EXPLODE ONLY TO REPEL INVASION

Interior of Building Is Practically Wrecked, and Roof Falls In.

A total damage estimated at \$5,500 was caused by fire last night on the stock and building occupied by the Eastern Motor Sales Corporation, 322 West Broad Street. The blaze is supposed to have originated in the welding plant, where an employee named Smith was working at the time, but D. Schuler, fire chief, stated that he did not know how it started. He said that he had just driven up when he saw flames issuing through the roof, and that he set to work immediately in removing automobiles from the building.

Policeman A. A. Porter, who was a block away at the time, saw the blaze, and rushed to the building, where he rived on the first call, and turned in a second alarm, as the fire had assumed threatening proportions.

Two Cars Destroyed.

Aided by Joseph West and others who were passing by, Schuler got out all the machines except a Buick car belonging to himself and a car belonging to Thomas D. Davis, of the Vista. Both cars were destroyed. As the roof fell in it fell on top of Mr. Davis's car, and the fire had assumed threatening proportions.

The blaze spread rapidly through the roof, built of light framework, and it soon had reached the welding plant, where it came down with a crash. Several tanks of acetylene gas scattered about the building exploded with loud reports, but no one was hurt. The gasoline was safely stored, in compliance with the ordinance, and was never in danger of explosion. The inside of the building was practically wrecked, and the damage to the building, including the loss of the welding plant, was estimated at \$5,500. The loss occasioned by the ruin of Mr. Schuler's car and his stock, and the damage to the welding plant, put in at a cost of \$900, will amount to \$2,000. Mr. Schuler said that he carried about \$200 insurance.

The building is owned by the Bromm estate, and is covered by insurance.

Engine Companies Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 10 and No. 3 Truck responded to the two alarms, and the fire was extinguished within an hour. All the automobiles, except the two lost, were run out into the street and not damaged. The place was operated as a repair shop.

Eight Caught in Raid.

One woman, Harriet Smith, colored, accused of having cocaine for sale, and seven negro men, alleged crack-smokers, were arrested last night when the house at 221 Prentiss Street was raided by Patrolmen Tanner and J. J. Smith.

INVESTIGATE BEEF TRUST.

Mr. Clayton Is Positive That Government Will Take Action.

Washington, September 27.—Positive announcement was made to-day by Representative Clayton, of Alabama, before the Judiciary Committee, that the committee would make a thorough investigation of the beef trust when Congress meets in December, and will recommend again to end the existing combination. Mr. Clayton said also that the Judiciary Committee would recommend legislation to prohibit interlocking directorates.

THREE SUSPECTS TELL SAME STORY

Admit They Were on Train, but Deny Any Complicity in Express Robbery.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., September 27.—Robert Vaughan, youngest of the trio now in jail, was interviewed this afternoon, and denied any connection with the robbery, although he says the entire party was on the train. He claims to have been in New Orleans, and says he saw his way home when arrested. Poll and Cannon claim, it is said, they are employed at one of the industries around Bessemer, Ala.

They were on top of the cars when the hold-up occurred, and say they were afraid to move for fear of being shot, the robber says he was on top of the express car when the safe was dynamited, and that when the hold-up was blown through the roof of the car, the debris flew up near him. He says the car cracked back on the baggage car, where the others say they were at the time.

Stories All Agree.

The stories of the three men are at the same, all claiming to have remained on top of the express car until the runaway engine stopped at Englewood. All deny knowing where the runaway train was stopped for the train to get off. They admit the train followed by the dogs was made by them.

The negro freeman, who got a good glimpse of the robbers, early to-day strong resemblance to the robbers. Later the negro was called to one side by a company detective and instructed not to talk.

He then became doubtful as to his identification. The messenger Kelly declined to say if the men are the robbers, but it is not known what he told the officers.

Stolen Mail Valued at \$5,000.

Meridian, Miss., September 27.—Postal inspectors checking up the loss in the Alabama Great Southern hold-up near Cottondale, Ala., estimated to-day the robbers had obtained about \$5,000 from the registered mail. An accurate check is impossible now. A consignment of \$2,000 in currency to a Meridian bank was stolen. It is believed the express company's loss will be between \$4,000 and \$5,000.

Loss Less Than First Thought.

New Orleans, September 27.—Bandits who held up the Alabama Great Southern train near Bibbville, Ala., probably did not get as large amount of money consigned to New Orleans as far as could be ascertained from a thorough inquiry among banks on the train.

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DIAZ COMING BACK TO MEXICO

Cablegram to Aged Exile Gets Only Noncommittal Reply in Return.

ONLY TO REPEL INVASION

Gamboa Campaign Fairly Under Way—Federal Advance on Rebels Is Begun.

Mexico City, September 27.—General Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, departed to return to Mexico for active army service.

A cablegram sent to General Diaz to-day brought a noncommittal reply from the ex-President, asking the War Minister to await the arrival of a letter, which he would dispatch him.

In Advisory Capacity.

General Porfirio Diaz now is at Biarritz, France. It is recognized here that General Diaz is too old to render service, except possibly in an advisory capacity, and it is assumed that this will be expected of him.

No intimation is given as to the reason prompting his recall. His resignation from the army was accepted by President Madero.

Only to Repel Invader.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Santander, Spain, September 27.—Porfirio Diaz emphatically denied to-day that he intended to return to Mexico. He said he came here with his wife to bid her voyage to his daughter, Dona Amada, who sailed for Vera Cruz. "The only condition on which I would return to Mexico would be the event of foreign invasion. I cannot say whether that will come or not, but if it did, I should feel compelled to go. I do not consider there is any likelihood of war between the United States and Mexico."

"I could have stifled the Madero revolution if I had cared to, but I felt that if it came to a head it was better for the country. But it does not look as though the republic cannot be pacified for a long time. The rebels take the field because they wish to live by pillage and robbery."

Gamboa Starts Campaign.

Mexico City, September 27.—Frederico Gamboa is losing no time in getting his campaign for the presidency under way. With only four weeks intervening before the election, and relieved of his duties as minister, he has plunged into the work of organization.

He has already made plans for a campaign of spell-binding, which probably will draw him personally into the field as a political orator.

Hundreds of telegrams were sent to-day to the temporary headquarters of the Catholic party in the heads of the party divisions in various parts of the country. Twenty-five public speakers will take the field within a few days in the smaller cities and villages. Senior Gamboa himself, it was said to-day, doubtless will visit a number of cities.

Permanent campaign headquarters have been engaged and arrangements are going forward for the presentation upon screens in moving picture theatres of the claims of the candidates.

A coalition between the Catholics and some of the smaller parties is being counted on, according to leaders of the Catholic party. Individuals of the most radical wing of the Liberals have approached Catholics with a proposition to join with them in the campaign, and General Razon as the candidates also of their faction.

This is in line with Senior Gamboa's stipulation upon accepting the presidential candidacy that he should regard himself as the candidate of the whole people.

The Catholic party leaders hope by obtaining the co-operation of some of the Liberals to break the influence of the Liberal party in the Chamber of Deputies and prevent the consummation of that party's threatened effort to postpone the elections.

Advance Is Begun.

Piedras Negras, Mexico, September 27.—A protracted artillery duel to-day between Constitutionalists and the Liberals to break the influence of the Liberal party in the Chamber of Deputies and prevent the consummation of that party's threatened effort to postpone the elections.

Veracruz, September 27.—The federal army under General Maas, beginning the advance into Constitutional territory, was reported to-day in official advices from Constitutional field headquarters at Acura. Preparations have been made for a decisive engagement to-morrow.

Losses on both sides to-day are said to have been heavy. The Federals are better equipped with artillery, but suffered from lack of ammunition. Charges are said to have checked their advance.

Americans in the disturbed district have been ordered to leave.

May Treat With Rebels.

Vera Cruz, September 27.—It is reported that John Lind, who tends to suggest to the administration at Washington the advisability of sending a confidential agent to treat with the rebels in a capacity similar to his own. The general belief is held here that if a suggestion of this kind were made by the rebels, President Huerta would agree.

Football Results Yesterday

University of Virginia, 40; Randolph-Macon, 0.

Washington and Lee, 27; Medical College of Virginia, 0.

V. M. I., 9; Hampden-Sydney, 0.

University of Tennessee, 58; Carson and Newman, 0.

Indiana, 48; DePauw, 0.

Oberlin, 15; Heidelberg, 0.

Minnesota, 14; South Dakota, 0.

Georgia Tech, 19; Seventeenth Infantry, 0.

Amherst, 10; Rhode Island State College, 0.

St. Louis, 41; Hobart, 0.

Dartmouth, 13; Massachusetts Agricultural, 3.

Bucknell, 34; Hillman Academy, 0.

Canisius, 25; West Virginia Wesleyan, 0.

Pennsylvania, 53; Gettysburg, 0.

Harvard, 34; University of Maine, 0.

Princeton, 14; Rutgers, 4.

Yale, 10; Holy Cross, 0.

University of Pittsburgh, 67; Ohio Northern University, 6.

University of North Carolina, 7; Wake Forest, 0.

RUMORS OF BREACH.

Princess Victoria Goes Sailing, Prince Ernest Goes Hunting.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Berlin, September 27.—The report that Princess Victoria Louise, the Kaiser's daughter, who was recently married to Prince Ernest, of Cumberland, will take an extended voyage for her health, has been confirmed by the Kaiser's courtiers. The rumor of a breach between the houses of Hohenzollern and Cumberland.

Princess Ernest August left yesterday for Gmund, Austria, on what is reported to be a month's hunting trip. It was explained that his wife was not well enough to accompany him on such a long trip.

OBITUARY

N. Mrs. Mary J. Bowman.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

Williamsburg, Va., September 27.—The funeral of Mrs. Mary J. Bowman, aged eighty-five years, whose death occurred here Thursday morning in the dormitory of her daughter, Mrs. Mildred C. Taylor, took place this morning at 10 o'clock from the Methodist Church, and was largely attended. The service was conducted by the pastor, the Rev. J. Cedar Grove Cemetery.

Henry Camm Lewis.